This is a Class 1 exam

Lebanon Evangelical School for Boys and Girls

Lebanon Evangelical School
for Boys and Girls Loueizeh - Baabda

Stage Exam 01
06NOV2023

Do NOT write in this box. Your MARK will be placed here.

Subject :	English
Class :	6A, 6B and 6C
Teacher :	Ms. Rama Khazem
Duration :	1 hour

Your name :		*Time taken to complete exam*
Your Class :		
Exam Room :		
How many sheets, including cover sheet :		

- Do not open this paper until the teacher in charge instructs you to do so.
- The most important thing to remember in taking an exam is NEVER PANIC.
- If you are caught cheating in this exam, you will be awarded zero for ALL exams that are taken on this day.

Writing

I. Answer the following questions in **full sentences** on the space provided. (6 pts)

1. What is in a Topic Sentence?

_____
_____
_____

2. What does "indent" mean?

_____
_____
_____

3. What do we include in a Concluding Sentence?

_____
_____
_____

4. Where do we write the Topic Sentence and the Concluding Sentence?

_____
_____
_____

II. Circle the correct answer. (5 pts)

1. What is the Falling Action?
   a. Where the problem is introduced.
   b. Where the problem is starting to be solved
   c. When there is a big change of events
   d. None of the above

2. What do we look for in the exposition?
   a. Characters
   b. Time
   c. Place
   d. All of the above

3. What is the a protagonist?
   a. The hero
   b. The main character
   c. The villain
   d. The mother of one of the characters

4. Where is the conflict introduced?
    a. The rising action
    b. The climax
    c. The falling action
    d. The exposition

5. What is the Climax?
    a. A bad event
    b. A good event
    c. A change of events
    d. A summary of events

Comprehension

III. Read the story and then answer the following questions.

Elephant Seals

In the freezing ocean waters of Antarctica, the planet's largest seals make their home in a frozen world. These giants are southern elephant seals, and they can grow as long as the length of a car and weigh as much as two cars combined. The name "elephant seal" comes from both the male's enormous size and from their giant trunk-like nose, called a proboscis. Females do not have a proboscis, and they are much smaller.

A thick layer of blubber keeps southern elephant seals warm in their icy habitat. The seals are clumsy on land, but in water they're graceful swimmers and incredible divers. They can easily dive 1,000 to 4,000 feet to hunt for squid, octopus and various kinds of fish. Elephant seals are able to stay underwater for 20 minutes or more. The longest underwater session researchers observed was an amazing two hours! When they returned to the surface to breathe, it's only for a few minutes. Then they dive again.

While elephant seals spend most of their time swimming, they also gather on beaches in groups called colonies. One reason they come to land is to give birth and breed, Males arrive before the females. They battle for dominance, deciding who will have large harems of females. Raising their enormous bodies, the males inflate their snouts and bellow. Usually these confrontations end quickly. However, sometimes only a physical battle can settle the matter. These fights can be bloody, but permanent injury is rare.

Females arriving on land give birth to a single pup they've been carrying since the previous year. Newborns weigh about 90 pounds. The mother nurses her pup for a little over three weeks. After this, she breeds with a dominant male and then returns to the sea to feed. Her pup now weight well over 200 pounds and on its own. If it survives , it too will enter the sea within a couple of months.

A second reason elephant seals come to land is to molt. When they molt, they shed old skin and fur and new skin and fur grows.

A smaller species, the northern seals, lives in the Pacific Ocean, dispersed from Mexico's Baja California to Alaska. Both northern and southern elephant seals were once hunted near extinction. However, under legal protections both have made incredible comebacks.

Answer the following questions in full sentences.

1. Based on the information in the article, describe how an elephant seal's movement is different on land than in water. (2 pts)

2. Why do male elephant seals arrive on land before females during breeding season? (2 pts)

3. Describe two reasons why elephant seals come on land. (2 pts)

4. How does an elephant seal obtain its food? What foods are part of its diet? (2 pts)

5. Based on what you read in the article, are elephant seals in danger of becoming extinct today? Why or why not? (2 pts)

Grammar

IV. Fill in the blanks with **a, an** or **some.** (8 pts)

1. I'll take _____ apples to school with me.
2. John has _____ cookies in his lunchbox.
3. Would you like _____ rice?
4. There is _____ orange in your bag.
5. Do you have _____ biscuit?
6. We should each read _____ book on the bus.
7. We don't have _____ loaf of bread.
8. Will you have _____ friends in the camp with you?

V. Turn the nouns into plurals. (8 pts)

1. A dog. Two _____
2. Some chocolate. Three _____
3. A peach. Five _____
4. Some Pepsi. Two _____
5. A lion. Seven _____
6. Some butter. Three _____
7. A shoe. Eight _____
8. Some gold. Two _____

Grade 6 Answer Key

Class 1

SE01

Total Points: 37

I. **(6 pts total)**
1. A topic sentence is the introduction of the paragraph (1 point). It states what the paragraph will be about. (1 point)
2. Indent is when we leave a small space at the first line of a paragraph. (1 point)
3. We include a summary of the paragraph that was written. (1 point)
4. We write the topic sentence at the start of the paragraph (1 point) and the concluding sentence at the end of a paragraph. (1 point)

II. (1 pt each Total of **5 pts)**
1. B
2. D
3. B
4. A
5. C

III. **(10 pts total)**
1. On land, an elephant seal is clumsy and has a difficult time moving around (1 point) but in water, an elephant seal moves easily and gracefully (1 point)
2. To fight for dominance (1 point). Fights will decide which males have the largest harem of females (1 point)
3. Breed and give birth (1 point) and to molt (1 point)
4. Dive up to around 1,000 to 4,000 feet to hunt (1 point). They eat squid, octopus and a variety of fish (1 point)
5. They are not in danger of being extinct (1 point) laws are now in place to protect them (1 point)

IV. (1 pt each Total of **8 pts.)**
1. Some
2. Some
3. Some
4. An
5. A
6. A
7. A
8. Some

V. (1 pt each Total of **8 pts)**
1. Dogs

2. Bars of chocolate
3. Peaches
4. Cans of Pepsi
5. Lions
6. Sticks of butter
7. Shoes
8. Chains of gold.